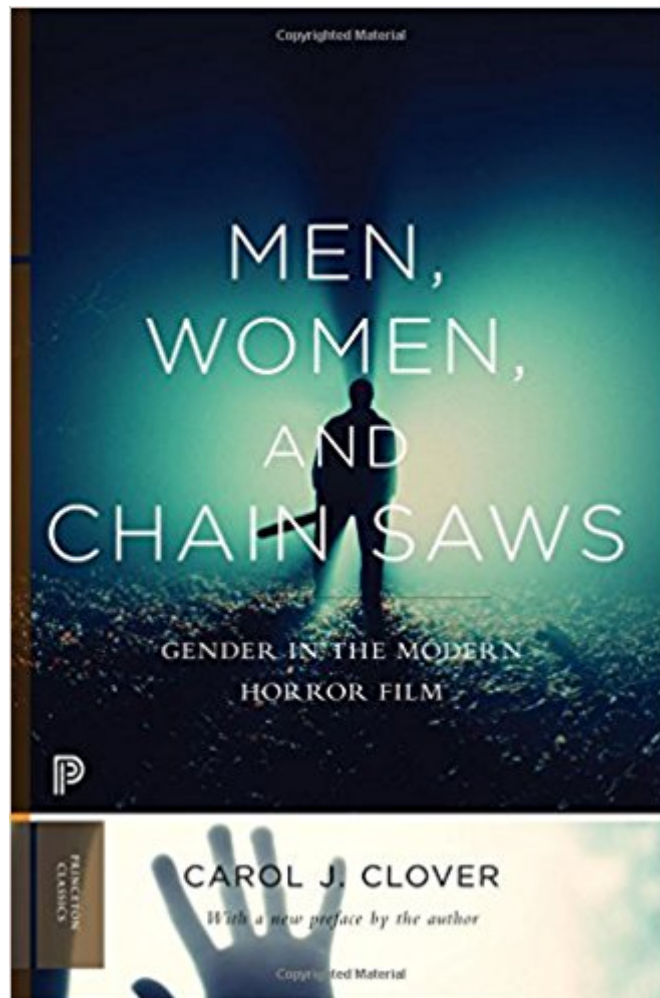




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Men, Women, And Chain Saws: Gender In The Modern Horror Film (Princeton Classics)



Synopsis

From its first publication in 1992, *Men, Women, and Chain Saws* has offered a groundbreaking perspective on the creativity and influence of horror cinema since the mid-1970s. Investigating the popularity of the low-budget tradition, Carol Clover looks in particular at slasher, occult, and rape-revenge films. Although such movies have been traditionally understood as offering only sadistic pleasures to their mostly male audiences, Clover demonstrates that they align spectators not with the male tormentor, but with the females tormented—*notably the slasher movie's "final girls"*—as they endure fear and degradation before rising to save themselves. The lesson was not lost on the mainstream industry, which was soon turning out the formula in well-made thrillers. Including a new preface by the author, this Princeton Classics edition is a definitive work that has found an avid readership from students of film theory to major Hollywood filmmakers.

Book Information

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Customer Reviews

"[A] brilliant analysis of gender and its disturbances in modern horror films. . . . Bubbling away beneath Clover's multi-faceted readings of slasher, occult, and rape-revenge films is the question of what the viewer gets out of them. . . . [She] argues that most horror films are obsessed with feminism, playing out plots which climax with an image of (masculinized) female power and offering visual pleasures which are organized not around a mastering gaze, but around a more radical

"victim-identified' look."--Linda Ruth Williams, *Sight and Sound*"Carol Clover's compelling [book] challenges simplistic assumptions about the relationship between gender and culture. . . . She suggests that the 'low tradition' in horror movies possesses positive subversive potential, a space to explore gender ambiguity and transgress traditional boundaries of masculinity and femininity."--Andrea Walsh, *The Boston Globe*"Clover makes a convincing case for studying the pulp-pop excesses of 'exploitation' horror as a reflection of our psychic times."--Misha Berson, *San Francisco Chronicle*"Clover actually bothers (as few have done before) to go into the theaters, to sit with the horror fans, and to watch how they respond to what appears on screen."--Wendy Lesser, *Washington Post*"In her reading of both particular horror films and of film and gender theory, Clover does what every cultural critic hopes to: she calls into question our habits of seeing."--Ramona Naddaff, *Artforum*"Clover, takes the most extreme genre, horror flicks, seriously. There is no condescension in this significant and probing discussion of psychology and sexuality and their role in lurid fantasy."--Desmond Ryan, *Philadelphia Inquirer*"Fascinating, Clover has shown how the allegedly naïve makers of crude films have done something more schooled directors have difficulty doing - creating females with whom male viewers are quite prepared to identify with on the most profound levels"--The Modern Review"It's easy to see why this book is considered such a landmark in film analysis."--Rod Lott, *Flick Attack*

Gender In The Modern Horror Film. Do the pleasures of horror movies really begin and end in sadism? So the public discussion of film assumes, and so film theory claims. Carol Clover argues, however, that these films work mainly to engage the viewer in the plight of the victim-hero - the figure, often a female, who suffers pain and fright but eventually rises to vanquish the forces of oppression.

Holy frijoles, this book presents an intriguing view of gender challenges in the tradition of horror flicks. Though Clover's primary focus is on the 70s/80s era of slasher films, it's interesting to see her ideas still at play and even extended--that this book itself has helped evolve the horror genre. Maybe it hasn't evolved in the post positive of directions, but we ARE talking horror, people, and Clover's analyses lay a spectacular groundwork of gender challenges and sexual incapacities that drive so many films. While her ideas about the Final Girl, the female who survives and sometimes even succeeds against the killer and represents the female victim of the movie viewers as well, is what put this book on the map, Clover also examines quite adeptly possession films, rape-revenge, and also the assaulting perspective of horror films. A fascinating read.

Please note: This one-star review is not for the book's content but rather for the eBook's poor digital presentation of the book itself. I purchased the eBook of "Men, Women, and Chain Saws" on July 10, 2017. Unfortunately, I was unable to open the eBook on my Kindle Paperwhite (3rd generation; 2015 model). The error message stated: "Unavailable for Download. The item is not compatible with this device." (See the screenshot below for more details.) I haven't encountered this error with any of my previous eBook purchases. I was able to open the eBook on the Kindle app on my phone. The eBook looks like a low-quality PDF scan of a paper manuscript. Besides the low resolution, many of the words are missing letters. Overall, this version lacks the smooth polish of a typical eBook, and, in places, it's barely readable. I've included screenshots of the eBook's issues. I'd recommend downloading the free sample to check the eBook file before purchasing. The flaws I've mentioned are in the sample file as well.

Useful and comprehensive; a must-read for film critics and anyone interested in the horror genre.

This is impossible to read. Not content, but format.

good read

A classic book in the field of gender in film. Highly recommended!

Men, Women, and Chainsaws is a film theory book that I've heard referenced since I've been getting more interested in gender and horror. I couldn't get it for years because it was out of print and/or super expensive, but now it's reprinted and accessible. I was daunted at first because I know from literature that theory books aren't always the most entertaining read, but the majority of the book is easily readable and engaging. Carol Clover lays out the formulas for three different horror subgenres and references numerous films (mostly in the 70's) to support her claims as well as other film theorists, Freud, 17th and 18th century views of gender, among others. The first chapter, focuses on the formula for slasher films. The villains are typically frozen in development in some way like Michael Myers or have some sort of muddled sexuality like Leatherface. Most of them have an overbearing mother or some sort of obsession with their mother like Norman Bates. Their choice of weapons are knives and chainsaws instead of guns. Their victims can be male or female, usually young adults, but the final one is always female. This final girl is more aware of her

surroundings, less distracted, and usually romantically unavailable. Clover theorizes that she's more masculine so the male audience can relate more to her than the other more feminine and frivolous teen victims. Sometimes the final girls only survive by sheer chance, but others survive due to fighting back. Clover calls her the victim-hero because she suffers through the whole film watching her friends die, being hunted, and knowing that she's being hunted. Looking at this formula in the present, I see plenty of films that follow it, but in recent years, many break out of or mock this formula like *Tucker and Dale vs. Evil* and *Cabin in the Woods*. The second chapter illustrates the formula for possession films. The person (or thing in the case of *Christine*) possessed is almost always female because they are more vulnerable to the supernatural and underneath all their decency, they still could become witches. They are usually possessed by male entities and act in horrific ways outside of how women should act, like grotesque sexuality and foul language. These possession stories are never actually about the women being possessed, but about what that possession means to a man in the situation. I don't think I realized this was a feature in every film in this subgenre and it makes sense why it's one of my least favorites. The women are violated and essentially raped, only to serve as a journey for the man on the outside rather than one for that woman. A prime example is *The Exorcist* where Reagan and her possession serve as a spiritual epiphany for Father Merrim in his crisis of faith while Reagan remembers nothing of her ordeal. I haven't seen a whole lot of change in this genre in recent years. The possessed tend to be more violent rather than sexual, but the possession as a vehicle for male character and plot development still happens all the time. The third chapter focuses on rape revenge films, which is a genre I'm honestly not very familiar with. Clover talks about how along with the gender conflict, a country and city conflict that goes along with that. The country folk are poor, unhealthy, uneducated, and unemployed. They might also have sexually depraved relationships with animals or their own family members. They blame their impoverished situation on city people due to industrialization destroying nature and big businesses crushing their smaller businesses. The city people are either women or considered feminized men. The country people attack and violate city people for revenge, only to have those people come back to exact revenge as well. The lower versions of rape revenge films have women exacting their own revenge, which gives them agency and power. It also often criticizes the justice system that rarely works in favor of these rape victims. The more celebrated versions like *The Accused* have the justice system come out in their favor and obscure that criticism. The remade versions of these films seem to be glossier versions that don't bring anything new to a modern audience. Although these films can be exploitative and uncomfortable to watch, I have renewed interest in watching them because of Clover's analysis. The last chapter is about

meta horror films. More obviously meta films like *New Nightmare*, *Scream*, and *Cabin in the Woods* hadn't been made yet, so Clover's focus is the film *Peeping Tom*. Mark films his female victims while he kills them, making the audience view the scene through his eyes. He recreates scenes reflected from his own abusive childhood. Clover puts forth that this film critiques the masochistic viewer looking at the sadistic filmmaker's violent production. This chapter as a whole is more scattered and less focused, mostly because of the state of meta horror at the time. I would love to see her or anyone else take a second analytic look at these same (plus more) genres and analyze how they have changed or stayed the same. *Men, Women, and Chainsaws* has an illuminating look at horror genres still alive and well today. Clover has some strong arguments and views films and subgenres. I don't always agree with her rationales or citations. I don't agree with Freud's psychoanalytic theories and I don't think a single sex model (where men and women are essentially the same gender) is an accurate representation of cinema. She talks a lot about how cameras and weapons of various types are phalluses that the final girls then take for power at the end of the films. In some cases, like the sexually charged scene in *Texas Chainsaw Massacre 2* between Leatherface and Stretch, I can see how it would be considered to be that, but I think it's overreaching at times. Overall, this film theory book offers a solid breakdown and analysis of different subgenres and how men and women are treated in them.

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